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**Rapporto OCPS 2015** - Mario Del Vecchio 2015-08-24T00:00:00+02:00  
L'Osservatorio sui Consumi Privati in Sanità nasce nel 2012 su iniziativa di un gruppo di docenti e con il supporto della Scuola di Direzione Aziendale dell'Università Bocconi con l'obiettivo di sviluppare conoscenze condivise e studi sistematici su un settore spesso oggetto di dibattito politico e sociale, ma poco indagato nelle sue effettive dimensioni e dinamiche. I consumi privati in sanità sono quel variegato insieme di prodotti e servizi per la salute finanziati privatamente attraverso la spesa delle famiglie (out of pocket), delle imprese (es. medicina del lavoro) e di soggetti collettivi non pubblici (assicurazioni e fondi integrativi). Si tratta di una componente non irrilevante della spesa sanitaria complessiva, rappresentando quasi un quarto delle risorse che la collettività destina al soddisfacimento dei bisogni di salute. Questo primo rapporto di OCPS, rappresenta una sintesi del lavoro svolto in questi anni dai ricercatori, in stretto raccordo con aziende e istituzioni partner di OCPS. Insieme ai quadri generali, che offrono uno sguardo di insieme sui consumi privati e la loro evoluzione, il Rapporto presenta approfondimenti settoriali utili a comprendere la varietà di fenomeni e i cambiamenti che caratterizzano il settore. Il Rapporto intende offrire una solida base di informazioni e analisi sia per i diversi soggetti (pubblici e privati) che operano nel settore sia per i soggetti chiamati ad assumere decisioni per conto della collettività, nella convinzione che comportamenti e decisioni maggiormente basati su dati non possano che riflettersi in maggiori benefici per i singoli e la collettività.

**Foundations of Strategy** - Robert M. Grant 2015-07-20  
Foundations of Strategy, Canadian Edition is a concise text aimed at both undergraduate and MBA students. With the needs of these students in mind, the authors made sure that the text was written in an accessible style, with a clear, comprehensive approach and sound theoretical depth. An excellent set of current and in-depth Canadian and global cases will show students how to apply the strategy concepts in real-world scenarios. Today's strategy modules are delivered in a wide variety of different formats to a wide range of audiences. Instructors frequently find themselves faced with the challenge of delivering their modules in relatively short time frames to student groups with very diverse educational and employment backgrounds. This text is designed to assist instructors in meeting this challenge by covering the core aspects of strategy as concisely as possible without losing academic depth.

**An Economic History of Liberal Italy** - Gianni Toniolo 2014-10-01  
This book, first published in 1990, examines Italy's economic history from its Unification in 1850 to the end of the First World War. Particular attention is paid to the extent to which Italy exhibits the features of Kaznets's model of 'modern economic growth'. An Economic History of Liberal Italy begins with a quantitative assessment of Italy's long-term growth in this period. All of the main relevant variables - including production, consumption, investment, foreign trade, government spending, and welfare - are discussed. The book proceeds through a chronological account of the developments of the economy during this period, and concludes with a critical survey of the relevant historiography. Throughout the book emphasis is given to structural changes, to developments in the main industries, to the relations between different sectors of the economy, and to economic policies. This book is ideal for those studying economics of Italian history.

**Il governo dei servizi territoriali: budget e valutazione dell'integrazione** - Francesco Longo 2013-07-25T00:00:00+02:00

La componente territoriale dei servizi sanitari e socio-sanitari è in una fase storico-culturale di rilevante espansione sia in termini di volumi di prestazioni, sia di importanza clinica. Questo fenomeno è reso possibile dai nuovi modelli di medicina, sempre più rivolti a contesti assistenziali

ambulatoriali e diurni e a logiche preventive, e ha come obiettivo principale quello di dare risposta ai bisogni di assistenza sul territorio da parte di una quota crescente di pazienti anziani e affetti da patologie croniche. La complessità nell'organizzazione e nell'erogazione di tali servizi, nello specifico, richiede competenze manageriali e capacità organizzative da parte delle aziende e dei professionisti finalizzate al coordinamento delle prestazioni sanitarie e socio-assistenziali sul territorio. Nell'ambito di tale dibattito culturale, il presente volume propone un framework teorico e metodologico per la definizione e la rilevazione di alcune dimensioni rilevanti per un'efficace organizzazione dei servizi sul territorio: l'integrazione dei professionisti (siano essi medici di medicina generale, specialisti e altri attori) coinvolti nei percorsi di cura delle cronicità, il livello di continuità delle cure percepito dai pazienti e il livello di coordinamento e integrazione nell'utilizzo degli strumenti di programmazione e controllo dell'attività territoriale (in primis il budget) da parte delle aziende. Il volume presenta poi i risultati di due ricerche su tali tematiche condotte in partnership da CERGAS e FIASO nell'ambito del Laboratorio per il Governo del Territorio, in cui vengono illustrate le evidenze empiriche relative a un campione significativo di aziende sanitarie nazionali.

**Public Health at the Crossroads** - Robert Beaglehole 2004-04-22  
Reviewing epidemiological and demographic trends internationally, this book provides an overview of major health trends, summarises the current state of the world's health, and reviews recent estimates of the global burden of disease.

**The Healthcare Fix** - Laurence J. Kotlikoff 2007-09-07  
A simple, straightforward, and foolproof proposal for universal health insurance from a noted economist. The shocking statistic is that forty-seven million Americans have no health insurance. When uninsured Americans go to the emergency room for treatment, however, they do receive care, and a bill. Many hospitals now require uninsured patients to put their treatment on a credit card which can saddle a low-income household with unpayably high balances that can lead to personal bankruptcy. Why don't these people just buy health insurance? Because the cost of coverage that doesn't come through an employer is more than many low- and middle-income households make in a year. Meanwhile, rising healthcare costs for employees are driving many businesses under. As for government-supplied health care, ever higher costs and added benefits (for example, Part D, Medicare's new prescription drug coverage) make both Medicare and Medicaid impossible to sustain fiscally; benefits grow faster than the national per-capita income. It's obvious the system is broken. What can we do? In The Healthcare Fix, economist Laurence Kotlikoff proposes a simple, straightforward approach to the problem that would create one system that works for everyone and secure America's fiscal and economic future. Kotlikoff's proposed Medical Security System is not the "socialized medicine" so feared by Republicans and libertarians; it's a plan for universal health insurance. Because everyone would be insured, it's also a plan for universal healthcare. Participants—including all who are currently uninsured, all Medicaid and Medicare recipients, and all with private or employer-supplied insurance—would receive annual vouchers for health insurance, the amount of which would be based on their current medical condition. Insurance companies would willingly accept people with health problems because their vouchers would be higher. And the government could control costs by establishing the values of the vouchers so that benefit growth no longer outstrips growth of the nation's per capita income. It's a "single-payer" plan, but a single payer for insurance. The American healthcare industry would remain competitive, innovative, strong, and private. Kotlikoff's plan is strong

medicine for America's healthcare crisis, but brilliant in its simplicity. Its provisions can fit on a postcard and Kotlikoff provides one, ready to be copied and mailed to your representative in Congress.

*Valuation in Life Sciences* - Boris Bogdan 2010-04-19

Valuation is a hot topic among life sciences professionals. There is no clear understanding on how to use the different valuation approaches and how to determine input parameters. Some do not value at all, arguing that it is not possible to get realistic and objective numbers out of it. Some claim it to be an art. In the following chapters we will provide the user with a concise valuation manual, providing transparency and practical insight for all dealing with valuation in life sciences: project and portfolio managers, licensing executives, business developers, technology transfer managers, entrepreneurs, investors, and analysts. The purpose of the book is to explain how to apply discounted cash flow and real options valuation to life sciences projects, i.e. to license contracts, patents, and firms. We explain the fundamentals and the pitfalls with case studies so that the reader is capable of performing the valuations on his own and repeat the theory in the exercises and case studies. The book is structured in five parts: In the first part, the introduction, we discuss the role of the players in the life sciences industry and their particular interests. We describe why valuation is important to them, where they need it, and the current problems to it. The second part deals with the input parameters required for valuation in life sciences, i.e. success rates, costs, peak sales, and timelines.

*Management Accounting in the Digital Economy* - Alnoor Bhimani 2003-11-13

The deployment of digital technologies by companies affects their functioning in economic terms, and also causes social, institutional and organizational effects. This book examines the way in which management accounting systems structures, thinking and practices are being altered as a result.

*Reforming the Health Care Market* - David F. Drake 1994-09-19

Examining the health care market in a historical framework, Drake analyzes the forces and events that have shaped American health care in the twentieth century and sheds new light on why and how our health care system has dampened competitive market forces and failed to provide sound value for much of our health care expenditures. He examines the roles that physicians, hospitals, insurance companies, businesses, individual consumers, and government legislation have played in creating a provider-dominated market in which the cost of care has been concealed from consumers. Comparing U.S. health care expenditures with those of other developed countries, he concludes that a significant part of our health care problem is the style of medicine practiced in the United States, which is much more specialized and high tech than in other developed nations. Drake develops proposals for health care financing reform that consider the political and economic difficulties involved. He first examines the Clinton health care reform plan and makes specific recommendations for revisions that would improve its likelihood of controlling costs. He then offers an alternative proposal that would both maintain the principle of universal, noncancelable coverage and eliminate the flaws in the market for health care services by giving consumers a financial stake in cost containment. This timely argument, combining economic and historical analysis with thoughtful consideration of the motivating humanitarian and political concerns, will be of interest to everyone seeking to understand and to reform our ailing health care system.

*Management Accounting* - Michael Bromwich 1992

*Il bilancio delle aziende di servizi sanitari* - Elena Cantu'

2014-12-10T00:00:00+01:00

Negli ultimi decenni i sistemi contabili delle amministrazioni pubbliche sono stati assoggettati a significativi processi di riforma, generalmente tesi a integrare o sostituire la tradizionale contabilità finanziaria con una contabilità a base economico-patrimoniale, tipica del contesto di impresa. L'introduzione di tale sistema contabile nel settore pubblico ha generato un ampio dibattito sia sul suo maggiore potenziale informativo, sia sulle modifiche e integrazioni da apportare al modello del bilancio d'esercizio per renderlo coerente con le specificità delle amministrazioni pubbliche. Per indagare appieno il rinnovamento dei sistemi contabili pubblici, però, occorre considerare anche le possibili conseguenze che l'adozione di un diverso modello contabile può generare sui processi decisionali dei destinatari dell'informativa di bilancio, nonché sugli obiettivi sociali ed economici delle aziende e sui rapporti di potere tra le amministrazioni. Il libro affronta l'evoluzione del sistema contabile delle aziende di servizi sanitari alla luce di questa prospettiva, evidenziando sia le soluzioni

tecniche adottate nel tempo, sia gli obiettivi perseguiti e le possibili implicazioni sui comportamenti degli operatori. Dopo una presentazione dell'evoluzione storica dei sistemi contabili nel SSN, il testo si sofferma sulle motivazioni alla base delle recenti iniziative di riforma, per indagarne nel dettaglio i due «pilastri» fondamentali, ossia armonizzazione e certificabilità. Di qui lo sviluppo dei successivi capitoli, di cui due dedicati agli schemi di bilancio e ai principi di valutazione per le aziende sanitarie, uno alla peculiare soluzione contabile denominata «Gestione Sanitaria Accentrata presso la regione», uno al bilancio consolidato del SSR.

*The Future of Health Policy* - Victor R. Fuchs 1993

Fuchs (economics, Stanford U.) presents the basic concepts and facts necessary to understand the ongoing debate about health care reform in the US. Any program that benefits society as a whole will inevitably burden certain individuals and groups, he says, and the critical issues are decoupling health care from employment, taming but not destroying technological advances, and coping with the increased costs of an aging population. Annotation copyright by Book News, Inc., Portland, OR  
*Deintegrazione istituzionale e integrazione funzionale nelle aziende sanitarie pubbliche* - Mario Del Vecchio 2009

**Health Care, Ethics and Insurance** - Tom Sorell 1998

Health Care, Ethics and Insurance provides an essential survey of the key ethical issues in health insurance, providing valuable reading for students and teachers of business studies as well as health professionals.

*La sanità futura* - Francesco Longo 2011-02-11T00:00:00+01:00

Come saranno i sistemi sanitari tra dieci o vent'anni, alla luce delle dinamiche e delle trasformazioni in corso sul piano finanziario, istituzionale, organizzativo, tecnologico, epidemiologico e la conseguente evoluzione della medicina e dei modelli di consumo dei pazienti? In questo volume si analizzano e si discutono i possibili futuri, utilizzando la tecnica degli scenari, che per ogni variabile rilevante indica le possibili traiettorie evolutive e ne delinea i principali impatti. Gli scenari sono costruiti cercando di cogliere i "segnali" presenti nel sistema, i pareri di opinion leader del settore, i trend di alcune variabili rilevanti e il dibattito nella letteratura internazionale, oltre a quelle che potrebbero essere le principali aree di discontinuità. Per ogni scenario sono discusse le possibili implicazioni strategiche per gli attori del sistema: le aziende pubbliche e private del Servizio Sanitario Nazionale, le imprese farmaceutiche e tecnologiche e gli erogatori di servizi di supporto. Interrogarsi per tempo sulle principali criticità attese nel futuro probabilmente uno degli esercizi più rilevanti per la definizione delle strategie di organizzazioni complesse, come quelle che operano nei sistemi di welfare socio-sanitario, le quali necessitano di lunghi periodi di adattamento e di trasformazione attuativa.

*Life and Death an Eclipse of Being* - Cristina Scarano 2021

*Social Marketing for Public Health* - Hong Cheng 2011

Social Marketing for Public Health: Global Trends and Success Stories explores how traditional marketing principles and techniques are being used to increase the effectiveness of public health programs-around the world. While addressing the global issues and trends in social marketing, the book highlights successful health behavior change campaigns launched by governments, by a combination of governments, NGOs, and businesses, or by citizens themselves in 15 countries of five continents. Each chapter examines a unique, current success story, ranging from anti-smoking campaigns to HIV-AIDS prev

*Management by System* - Richard F. Neuschel 1960

**Improving Governance** - Laurence E. Lynn Jr. 2001-04-05

Policymakers and public managers around the world have become preoccupied with the question of how their goals can be achieved in a way that rebuilds public confidence in government. Yet because public policies and programs increasingly are being administered through a complicated web of jurisdictions, agencies, and public-private partnerships, evaluating their effectiveness is more difficult than in the past. Though social scientists possess insightful theories and powerful methods for conducting empirical research on governance and public management, their work is too often fragmented and irrelevant to the specific tasks faced by legislators, administrators, and managers. Proposing a framework for research based on the premise that any particular governance arrangement is embedded in a wider social, fiscal, and political context, Laurence E. Lynn Jr., Carolyn J. Heinrich, and Carolyn J. Hill argue that theory-based empirical research, when well conceived and executed, can be a primary source of fundamental,

durable knowledge about governance and policy management. Focusing on complex human services such as public assistance, child protection, and public education, they construct an integrative, multilevel "logic of governance," that can help researchers increase the sophistication, power, and relevance of their work.

**Management della sanità** - Federico Lega 2013-11-17T00:00:00+01:00

La tutela della salute è fondamentale per lo sviluppo economico ed il benessere sociale di un paese. In Italia la sanità è la prima voce di spesa delle Regioni (pesa tra il 60 e 70% dei bilanci regionali), è il secondo datore di lavoro nell'impiego pubblico (circa 700.000 impiegati nel SSN) ed è il primo volano dell'economia, se si considera la spesa complessiva per la sanità (oltre il 9% del PIL) e l'indotto collegato (industria farmaceutica, biotecnologie, servizi di supporto, tecnologie sanitarie, infrastrutture, ecc.). Le aziende sanitarie sono organizzazioni ultra-complesse da gestire, per la natura professionale (maggioranza dei lavoratori sono professionisti laureati), l'elevata tecnologia, l'impatto sociale ed economico delle attività, lo stretto collegamento con il sistema politico. Quali politiche sanitarie e quali cambiamenti gestionali servono per affrontare la crisi economica e le sfide che caratterizzano il settore della salute? Nel libro sono spiegate e discusse le dinamiche caratterizzanti il settore e le esperienze di innovazione che possono ispirare nuove e più efficaci scelte di politica sanitaria e di governo delle strutture sanitarie pubbliche e private.

*From New Public Management to New Political Governance* - Herman Bakvis 2012

With the direct participation of partisan political staff in governance, the onset of permanent election campaigns heavily dependent on negative advertising, and the expectation that the public service will not only merely implement but enthusiastically support the agenda of the elected government, we are experiencing a new form of political governance.

The late Peter Aucoin (1943-2011) has argued that traditional norms of impartial loyalty have been displaced by partisanship on the part of civil servants and that the political executive is keen on directly controlling all aspects of communication and interaction between government and citizens. The arrival of "New Political Governance" has a direct bearing on the long-standing tension between the need of ensuring democratic control over bureaucracy, while also allowing the public service sufficient flexibility to exercise discretion, judgment, and professional expertise when implementing and managing programs. Through a series of essays using Aucoin's "New Political Governance" framework, leading scholars in the field address the manner in which this tension and its conflicts have played out over the past decade in different domains. Contributors examine themes including accountability, democracy, public management and reform, the paradoxes of electoral democracy, and the dilemmas of democratic governance. Contributors include: Mark Jarvis (University of Victoria), Herman Bakvis (University of Victoria), B. Guy Peters (University of Pittsburg), Donald Savoie (Université de Moncton), Allan Tupper (University of British Columbia), Lori Turnbull (Dalhousie), David E. Smith (University of Saskatchewan), C.E.S. Franks (Queen's), R. Kenneth Carty (University of British Columbia), Lisa Young (University of Calgary), Jennifer Smith (Dalhousie), Gerald Baier (University of British Columbia), Fred Fletcher (York University), André Blais (Université de Montréal), Evert Lindquist (University of Victoria), Ken Rasmussen (University of Regina), Jonathan Boston (Victoria University), John Halligan (University of Canberra), Grace Skogstad (University of Toronto), Jenn Wallner (University of Ottawa), Cosmo Howard (University of Victoria), Susan Phillips (Carleton University), Paul Thomas (University of Manitoba), Ralph Heintzman (University of Ottawa), Luc Juillet (University of Ottawa), G. Bruce Doern (Carleton), Kenneth Kernaghan (Brock).

*Emerson at 200* - Giorgio Mariani 2004

**Clinical Risk Management** - John Williams 2001-02-08

The aim of this book is to reduce the risks of medical treatment and enhance the safety of patients in all areas of healthcare. The first section discusses human error, the incidence of harm to patients, and the development of risk management. Chapters in the second section discuss the reduction of risk in clinical practice in key medical specialties. The third section discusses features of the healthcare systems that are essential to safe practice, such as communication of risk to patients, the design of equipment, supervision and training, and effective teamwork. The fourth section describes how to put risk management into practice, including the effective and sensitive handling of complaints and claims, the care of injured patients and the staff involved, and the reporting, investigation and analysis of serious incidents.

**Economic Analysis in Health Care** - Stephen Morris 2007-06-04

Health economics is concerned with the evaluation of the effectiveness of health care, particularly by examining the social opportunity costs of alternative forms of treatment. The peculiar nature of the market for health care - that doctors have a major influence on both supply and demand - has attracted attention, as has the study of the options available for financing such services. Economic Analysis in Health Care provides a comprehensive coverage of both the economics of health care systems and the evaluation of health care technologies. It has been written as a core textbook for advanced undergraduate and postgraduate students with knowledge of economic analysis and will appeal to an international audience. Adopts an international perspective, using examples and case studies from the UK, the rest of Europe, and other countries. Contains detailed exposition of the economic theory alongside relevant examples and applications. Focuses on both market-related and economic evaluation aspects of health economics (some books focus purely on market-related aspects). Strong author team with very broad experience of writing and teaching health economics.

**Textbook of Patient Safety and Clinical Risk Management** - Liam Donaldson 2020-12-14

Implementing safety practices in healthcare saves lives and improves the quality of care: it is therefore vital to apply good clinical practices, such as the WHO surgical checklist, to adopt the most appropriate measures for the prevention of assistance-related risks, and to identify the potential ones using tools such as reporting & learning systems. The culture of safety in the care environment and of human factors influencing it should be developed from the beginning of medical studies and in the first years of professional practice, in order to have the maximum impact on clinicians' and nurses' behavior. Medical errors tend to vary with the level of proficiency and experience, and this must be taken into account in adverse events prevention. Human factors assume a decisive importance in resilient organizations, and an understanding of risk control and containment is fundamental for all medical and surgical specialties. This open access book offers recommendations and examples of how to improve patient safety by changing practices, introducing organizational and technological innovations, and creating effective, patient-centered, timely, efficient, and equitable care systems, in order to spread the quality and patient safety culture among the new generation of healthcare professionals, and is intended for residents and young professionals in different clinical specialties.

**Managing Change and Innovation in Public Service Organizations** - Kerry Brown 2012-10-02

The context and environment of public services is becoming increasingly complex and the management of change and innovation is now a core task for the successful public manager. This text aims to provide its readers with the skills necessary to understand, manage and sustain change and innovation in public service organizations. Key features include: the use of figures, tables and boxes to highlight ideas and concepts of central importance; a dedicated case study to serve as a focus for discussion and learning, and to marry theory with practice; clear learning objectives for each chapter with suggestions for further reading. Providing future and current public managers with the understanding and skills required to manage change and innovation, this groundbreaking text is essential reading for all those studying public management, public administration and public policy.

**The Corporate Planning Process** - Melville Campbell Branch 1962

How management initiates new projects, new courses of action, and analyzes past experiences.

**Health Care Choices** - Clark C. Havighurst 1995

This text argues that private contracts would allow for more and genuine consumer choice, based on real differences between competing health plans in content, mixture and cost of services. It further argues that contracts would establish set standards and obligations for all parties.

**Ukulele Fingerstyle** - Dario Bellaveglia 2021-04-09

This book is thought for ukulele players who want to learn the fingerstyle technique, but also for guitar players who want to approach the ukulele and still play fingerstyle on four strings, using low G fourth string. The student will learn how to deal with melody, chords and a bass line at the same time. Moreover, practicing the exercises and songs in this book, the student will meet many fingerstyle techniques like traditional fingerpicking, ground and alternate bass, harp style, Carter family style, drop bass and so on. The book contains twelve songs with score and tablature, from different musical genres: Blues, Country and Celtic.

**Health Care 2020** - William Styring, III 1999

In the year 2011, the U.S. will begin to experience the biggest age-driven

demographic upheaval in its history, as the first Baby Boomers reach age 65. In 2010, the ratio of adults in prime working years, ages 25-64, to those 65 and over will be 4 to 1. By 2020, it will fall to 3 to 1. By 2030, it will drop to almost 2 to 1. The ratio of potential workers to potential retirees will be cut in half in only two decades. The U.S. is not alone. The end of World War II caused similar spikes in birth rates in much of the world. Western Europe's birth rate is already below population replacement levels. Japan is aging at an even faster rate. The social and public policy consequences of this "graying" of America are hard to overestimate. Social Security and Medicare will have to be cut back through some combination of reducing benefits and raising normal retirement ages; otherwise, the tax rates on the young are politically unthinkable. Above all, the health care system will have to change. Cheaper but effective ways of caring for the elderly short of costly institutionalization will be imperative. For example, current attempts to curtail home health care programs are not the way to go. The large numbers of Boomers will radically change health insurance, and Health Care 2020 tells what health care will be like in the next century.

Valore e misurazione delle performance - Maurizio Dallochio  
2016-04-06T00:00:00+02:00

La day surgery non rappresenta solo una procedura clinica, che permette al paziente di risolvere le sue patologie nel giro di poche ore, ma anche un modello organizzativo la cui applicazione consente alla struttura sanitaria di creare valore e di ottimizzare le strutture di costo. È dunque una soluzione innovativa, un'opportunità che è il risultato di un impegno di squadra. Per essere implementata con successo è, infatti, necessario programmare nel dettaglio ogni fase e coordinare il lavoro di numerose persone con competenze e specializzazioni diverse. Solo così è possibile raggiungere l'eccellenza nella qualità delle cure prestate nonché l'efficacia e l'efficienza nella gestione manageriale delle risorse umane ed economiche.

Le relazioni interaziendali di collaborazione in sanità - Manuela S. Macinati 2004

**The Dictionary of Health Economics, Third Edition** - Anthony J. Culyer 2014-07-31

This third edition of Anthony Culyer's authoritative *The Dictionary of Health Economics* brings the material right up to date as well as adding plentiful amounts of new information, with a number of revised definitions. There are now nearly 3,000 entries

**Health Economics** - Peter Zweifel 2009-07-14

This is the most complete text available on the economics of health behavior and health care delivery. Appropriate both for advanced undergraduate and beginning graduate students of economics, this text provides the key analytical tools required to understand current research. Issues discussed include the "cost explosion" in health care, the power of medical associations, the search for remuneration systems with favorable incentives, and technological change in medicine. Rather than simplifying the issues facing today's healthcare systems, the book models existing complexities as they are, adapting economics to reflect the views of the average person.

**Six Oriental Fairy Tales** - Giovanni Sergio 2021

**Governance in Modern Society** - Oscar van Heffen 2013-03-09

This book is the immediate result of the co-operation of a great number of scholars in the Netherlands Institute of Government (NIG). NIG is an interuniversity research school. As such it has a double task. In addition to offering a Ph.D program to students in Public Administration it also is a research institute in which a great number of scholars from seven Dutch universities participate and work on a common research program.

The chapters in this book are all products of the research program that started in 1995. This program had the ambition to explore the frontiers of the discipline in two respects. First by studying a number of recent developments in society and their consequences for the functioning of government. These consequences can be summarised as the development of a system of multi level and multi actor governance. Second, by contributing to the knowledge of institutions, both by studying what factors are most important in the formation and change of institutions and by studying the effects of institutions on the behaviour of actors in different political and administrative settings. Most contributions to this volume either have their origin in conferences organized by the NIG or were published as an NIG working paper. We are grateful to Marcia Clifford and Connie Hoekstra who prepared the final version of the manuscript, to Ian Priestnall who took care of the language editing and to an anonymous reviewer whose comments were gratefully used.

*Valuing Health Care* - Frank A. Sloan 1996-08-28

As expenditure on health care has increasingly become an area of public debate and concern, public and private health care decision-makers have called for more rigorous use of cost-benefit and cost-effectiveness analysis to guide spending. Concerns have arisen, however, about the overall quality of such analyses. This book discusses and evaluates best-practice methods of conducting cost-benefit and cost-effectiveness studies of pharmaceuticals and other medical technologies. It encompasses a wide variety of topics, ranging from measuring cost and effectiveness to discounting to the use of dynamic modelling of cost-effectiveness. The book also includes conceptual and practical aspects of cost-effectiveness analysis by researchers who have conducted applied research in these areas. Rarely does the book provide a singular solution to a measurement problem; rather, the reader is directed to choices among alternative approaches and an analysis of the advantages and disadvantages of each.

Contemporary Cost Management - Takeo Yoshikawa 1993

This study stresses the importance of a product life-cycle approach to cost analysis and cost management, focusing on the manner in which information provided by accountants is used by managers. Techniques discussed include cost tables, cost estimation, activity-based costing and more.

La visione sistemica dell'Azienda sanitaria pubblica. Tendenze evolutive dell'organizzazione, della gestione e della rilevazione nel sistema di tutela della salute - Del Gesso 2014

**Policy Challenges in Modern Health Care** - David Mechanic 2005

Health care delivery in the United States is an enormously complex enterprise, and its \$1.6 trillion annual expenditures involve a host of competing interests. While arguably the nation offers among the most technologically advanced medical care in the world, the American system consistently under performs relative to its resources. Gaps in financing and service delivery pose major barriers to improving health, reducing disparities, achieving universal insurance coverage, enhancing quality, controlling costs, and meeting the needs of patients and families. Bringing together twenty-five of the nation's leading experts in health care policy and public health, this book provides a much-needed perspective on how our health care system evolved, why we face the challenges that we do, and why reform is so difficult to achieve. The essays tackle tough issues including: socioeconomic disadvantage, tobacco, obesity, gun violence, insurance gaps, the rationing of services, the power of special interests, medical errors, and the nursing shortage. Linking the nation's health problems to larger political, cultural, and philosophical contexts, *Policy Challenges in Modern Health Care* offers a compelling look at where we stand and where we need to be headed.