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Oltre il soggetto razionale - Giacomo Rojas Elgueta 2014-12-01

Il volume Oltre il soggetto razionale. Fallimenti cognitivi e razionalità limitata nel diritto privato si propone di riflettere, secondo l'approccio proprio della Behavioral Law and Economics, sulle ricadute sistematiche sul diritto privato patrimoniale e regolatorio derivanti dalla considerazione di un nuovo paradigma di individuo. Valorizzando i risultati cui è pervenuta la psicologia cognitiva, la Behavioral Law and Economics contribuisce alla costruzione di un modello di individuo più realistico e "umano" rispetto a quello astratto e semplificato dell'homo oeconomicus. Il giurista dispone così di un metodo che gli consente di anticipare, in modo più attendibile rispetto all'analisi economica del diritto tradizionale, le risposte dei singoli alle norme giuridiche.

Transizioni digitali - Patrizio Paolinelli 2019-12-16T00:00:00+01:00

Quale è il futuro del lavoro umano alla luce dei progressi dell'intelligenza artificiale? In che modo si rapporterà ai progressi di un'innovazione tecnologica sempre più invasiva? Domande a cui questo volume cerca di rispondere senza indulgere all'ottimismo più roseo né al pessimismo più apocalittico.

**The Oxford Handbook of Industrial Policy** - Arkebe Oqubay 2020-10-19

Industrial policy has long been regarded as a strategy to encourage sector-, industry-, or economy-wide development by the state. It has been central to competitiveness, catching up, and structural change in both advanced and developing countries. It has also been one of the most contested perspectives, reflecting ideologically inflected debates and shifts in prevailing ideas. There has lately been a renewed interest in industrial policy in academic circles and international policy dialogues, prompted by the weak outcomes of policies pursued by many developing countries under the direction of the Washington Consensus (and its descendants), the slow economic recovery of many advanced economies after the 2008 global financial crisis, and mounting anxieties about the national consequences of globalization. The Oxford Handbook of Industrial Policy presents a comprehensive review of and a novel approach to the conceptual and theoretical foundations of industrial policy. The Handbook also presents analytical perspectives on how industrial policy connects to broader issues of development strategy, macro-economic policies, infrastructure development, human capital, and political economy. By combining historical and theoretical perspectives, and integrating conceptual issues with empirical evidence drawn from advanced, emerging, and developing countries, The Handbook offers valuable lessons and policy insights to policymakers, practitioners and researchers on developing productive transformation, technological capabilities, and international competitiveness. It addresses pressing issues including climate change, the gendered dimensions of industrial policy, global governance, and technical change. Written by leading international thinkers on the subject, the volume pulls together different perspectives and schools of thought from neo-classical to structuralist development economists to discuss and highlight the adaptation of industrial policy in an ever-changing socio-economic and political landscape.

**Reclaiming Development** - Ha-Joon Chang 2004-05

The authors of this book challenge prevailing ideas about free markets and globalization. They question whether globalization is a technological reality that cannot be stopped and ask if the US economy really outperformed its competitors in the 1990s. They show how in each key area--trade and industrial policy,

privatization, intellectual property rights, investment and financial policies, exchange rate and currency policy, labour and social welfare --there are alternatives to neoliberal policies that the historical experience of particular countries prove really works.

Strategic Management in the Media - Lucy Küng 2008-04-11

"This book provides vital insights into the elements of strategy and their application to media firms. Solidly grounded in theory but not pedantic, it is essential reading for those who make or wish to comprehend choices of media companies." - Robert Picard, University of Jönköping "Insightful, contextually analytical, yet easy to comprehend, Strategic Management in the Media successfully applies the adaptive and interpretative areas of strategic theory in the media sectors. It provides a unique perspective in which common themes linking media strategy and industry environment are thoughtfully discussed." - Sylvia M. Chan-Olmsted, University of Florida "...an invaluable asset for students of media management. The use of pertinent examples and case studies throughout brings the analysis to life and contributes to a highly readable introduction." - Gillian Doyle, University of Glasgow This book is a comprehensive, accessible and expert introduction to strategy within a media management context. It is divided into two parts - part one provides an introduction to and overview of the media industry from a strategic management perspective, looking in detail at the sectors that together comprise the industry - newspaper, book and magazine publishing, music, radio and television - and the strategic forces at work in each. This provides the foundation for part two, which analyses a number of strategic topics central to the media sector, such as technological change, organisational structure, leadership, and creativity and innovation. The chapters follow the same structure: the relevant theory is outlined, its application to the media industry is discussed, and case studies from the media industry are used to illustrate the theory and illuminate its relevance for the media field. The cases and examples used come from all sectors of the industry and a range of geographic regions and include News Corporation, Endemol, BBC, Bertelsmann, CNN, MTV, Disney and Pixar.

Sleeping on a Wire - David Grossman 2014-07-31

Israel: Jewish state and national homeland to Jews the world over. But a fifth of its population is Arab, a people who feel themselves to be an inseparable part of the Arab nation, most of which is still technically at war with the State of Israel. In the summer of 1991 David Grossman set out on a journey into the world of Arab citizens of his country. Sleeping on a Wire is an account of what he found. It is about men and women fighting to find a voice, to pick out the pulse of their own identity in a land that doesn't seem to be theirs. He has not written about open conflict. Rather it is a story of ferment beneath the surface, and an intensifying bitterness which can only exacerbate the troubles of the Middle East.

Africa - Enzo Lombardo 2020-11-12T00:00:00+01:00

La storia dell'Africa è un grande tabù: durante il periodo della colonizzazione, le nazioni europee si sono macchiate di crimini orrendi che non vogliono ricordare. Anche dopo l'indipendenza, il continente africano è rimasto vittima di un prelievo netto di risorse umane, finanziarie, agricole e minerarie. Per questo motivo l'interesse del dibattito sulle migrazioni è ormai incentrato sulle necessità degli "ospitanti": nessuno si interessa ai problemi dei paesi africani e degli altri luoghi di provenienza. Tutti impegnati a disquisire sulle

conseguenze delle migrazioni, nessuno si occupa delle cause. Il presente volume nasce con l'intenzione di colmare questa lacuna. Il tentativo è quello di superare lo sguardo tipicamente eurocentrico di buona parte della storiografia, della sociologia e dell'economia, cercando di far luce sul passato e sul presente, provando a comprendere quali siano i problemi che l'Africa non è riuscita a risolvere.

*L'ultimo Dio* - Paolo Ercolani 2012

*Le invalidità nel diritto privato* - Alessandro Bellavista 2011

**Giornata della ricerca 2019 del Dipartimento di Scienze della Formazione** - Vincenzo Carbone 2019-12-23

Questo volume raccoglie i contributi scientifici presentati durante la Giornata della Ricerca 2019 del Dipartimento di Scienze della Formazione dell'Università degli Studi Roma Tre. Muovendosi in continuità con le analoghe iniziative degli anni precedenti; questo lavoro collettaneo (73 contributi); che restituisce il panorama delle ricerche di un nutrito gruppo di studiosi e studiose (oltre 130); è articolato in otto distinte aree d'interesse tematico e disciplinare. I brevi saggi che compongono il volume; talora in forma di configurazione progettuale; talaltra come sintesi di lavori più ampi o; ancora; di conclusioni di progetti e percorsi di ricerca; fanno emergere l'ampio spettro d'investigazione. Molti resoconti presentano caratteristiche multifocali o interdisciplinari; alcuni assumono prospettive storico-teoriche; altri sono caratterizzati da consistenti focalizzazioni empiriche. L'ampio scenario di ricerca e di riflessione scientifica che il volume disegna; al di là delle specificità delle singole piste di indagine; consente di ri-conoscere il senso più genuino di una comunità accademica quale luogo e spazio di quel confronto teorico che è risorsa vitale inesauribile del lavoro della conoscenza

**The Big Pivot** - Andrew S. Winston 2014-03-11

We live in a fundamentally changed world. It's time for your approach to strategy to change, too. The evidence is all around us. Extreme weather, driven by climate change, is shattering records all over the planet. Our natural resources are in greater demand than ever before as a billion more people enter the global middle class, wanting more of everything. Radical transparency is opening up company operations and supply chains to public scrutiny. This is not some futuristic scenario or model to debate, but today's reality. We've passed an economic tipping point. A weakening of the foundations of our planetary infrastructure is costing businesses dearly and putting our society at risk. The mega challenges of climate change, scarcity, and radical transparency threaten our ability to run an expanding global economy and are profoundly changing "business as usual." But they also offer unprecedented opportunities: multi-trillion-dollar markets are in play, and the winners of this new game will profit mightily. According to Andrew Winston, bestselling author (*Green to Gold*) and globally recognized business strategist, the way companies currently operate will not allow them to keep up with the current—and future—rate of change. They need to make the Big Pivot. In this indispensable new book, Winston provides ten crucial strategies for leaders and companies ready to move boldly forward and win in this new reality. With concrete advice and tactics, and new stories from companies like British Telecom, Diageo, Dow, Ford, Nike, Unilever, Walmart, and many others, *The Big Pivot* will help you, and all of us, create more resilient businesses and a more prosperous world. This book is the blueprint to get you started.

*Victors' Justice* - Danilo Zolo 2020-02-06

*Victors' Justice* is a potent and articulate polemic against the manipulation of international penal law by the West, combining historical detail, juridical precision and philosophical analysis. Zolo's key thesis is that contemporary international law functions as a two-track system: a made-to-measure law for the hegemon and their allies, on the one hand, and a punitive regime for the losers and the disadvantaged, on the other. Though it constantly advertised its impartiality and universalism, international law served to bolster and legitimize, ever since the Tokyo and Nuremberg trials, a fundamentally unilateral and unequal international order.

*The Liberal Virus* - Samir Amin 2019-02-15

Samir Amin's ambitious new book argues that the ongoing American project to dominate the world through military force has its roots in European liberalism, but has developed certain features of liberal ideology in

a new and uniquely dangerous way. Where European political culture since the French Revolution has given a central place to values of equality, the American state has developed to serve the interests of capital alone, and is now exporting this model throughout the world. American imperialism, Amin argues, will be far more barbaric than earlier forms of imperialism, pillaging natural resources and destroying the lives of the poor. *The Liberal Virus* examines the ways in which the American model is being imposed on the world, and outlines its economic and political consequences. It shows how both citizenship and class consciousness are diluted in "low-intensity democracy" and argues instead for democratization as an ongoing process—of fundamental importance for human progress—rather than a fixed constitutional formula designed to support the logic of capital accumulation. In a panoramic overview, Amin examines the objectives and outcomes of American policy in the different regions of the world. He concludes by outlining the challenges faced by those resisting the American project today: redefining European liberalism on the basis of a new compromise between capital and labor, re-establishing solidarity among the people of the South, and reconstructing an internationalism that serves the interests of regions that are currently divided against each other.

**Resident Foreigners** - Donatella Di Cesare 2020-04-13

From the shores of Europe to the Mexican-US border, mass migration is one of the most pressing issues we face today. Yet at the same time, calls to defend national sovereignty are becoming ever more vitriolic, with those fleeing war, persecution, and famine vilified as a threat to our security as well as our social and economic order. In this book, written amidst the dark resurgence of appeals to defend 'blood and soil', Donatella Di Cesare challenges the idea of the exclusionary state, arguing that migration is a fundamental human right. She develops an original philosophy of migration that places the migrants themselves, rather than states and their borders, at the centre. Through an analysis of three historic cities, Athens, Rome and Jerusalem, Di Cesare shows how we should conceive of migrants not as an other but rather as resident foreigners. This means recognising that citizenship cannot be based on any supposed connection to the land or an exclusive claim to ownership that would deny the rights of those who arrive as migrants. Instead, citizenship must be disconnected from the possession of territory altogether and founded on the principle of cohabitation - and on the ultimate reality that we are all temporary guests and tenants of the earth. Di Cesare's argument for a new ethics of hospitality will be of great interest to all those concerned with the challenges posed by migration and with the increasingly hostile attitudes towards migrants, as well as students and scholars of philosophy and political theory.

**L'Indice dei libri del mese** - 2009

*Le isole del tesoro* - Nicholas Shaxson 2012-06-06T06:00:00+02:00

Questa è la grande storia mai raccontata della globalizzazione. I paradisi fiscali sono infatti la faccia meno conosciuta, ma più centrale, della rete finanziaria mondiale: solo per fare un esempio, più di metà del commercio mondiale e gran parte di mutui e prestiti passano per questi luoghi, almeno "nominalmente". Ogni grande corporation vi svolge continuamente attività di routine e i suoi più grandi utilizzatori non sono certo terroristi, mafiosi o celebrità, ma banche. I paradisi fiscali hanno a che fare di norma con l'evasione: dalle leggi, dai creditori, dalle tasse, in sintesi da ogni controllo e verifica democratica; e hanno avuto un ruolo decisivo in tutti i maggiori eventi economici contemporanei, compresa la crisi attuale esplosa nel 2008, fungendo spesso da base per le lobby che hanno spinto a rimuovere i regolamenti finanziari preesistenti e a tagliare le tasse per i più ricchi in tutto il mondo. Gli hedge fund, Goldman Sachs, Citigroup si muovono continuamente dentro e fuori dal mondo offshore, così come dietro gli scandali di Enron, Parmalat, Lehman Brothers, Aig si celano i paradisi fiscali. Anche la crescita delle corporation e l'esplosione del debito nelle economie più avanzate a partire dagli anni settanta è sostanzialmente una storia che ha a che fare con l'offshore. Certo, esistono anche altre cause utili a spiegare i fenomeni, ma senza la comprensione di questo universo di interessi non si può capire appieno la storia e l'economia del mondo moderno. Un libro acclamato e radicale nella sua documentata denuncia dello stato attuale del mondo finanziario globalizzato. "Forse il più importante libro pubblicato quest'anno in Gran Bretagna." George Monbiot, "The Guardian" "Finalmente, non solo un libro leggibile ma appassionante che spiega fin nel dettaglio i paradisi fiscali. Ma cosa ancora più importante, è un libro che mette a nudo il

meccanismo che il capitale finanziario utilizza per liberarsi della democrazia e del peso delle leggi."Misha Glenny, autore di *McMafia* "È veramente un libro magnifico." Jeffrey Sachs "Shaxson fa un lavoro notevole, di grande valore sociale, nel penetrare l'impenetrabile, per alla fine scoprire un mondo veramente scioccante." Nicholas Stern, autore di *Un piano per salvare il pianeta* "Combina a una ricerca accurata aneddoti divertenti. Il risultato è un resoconto estremamente leggibile dell'oscuro mondo dell'offshore e un forte messaggio morale di quanto il sistema abbia bisogno di essere cambiato." "Financial Times"

**Le ombre lunghe del Novecento** - Valerio Castronovo 2010

Bad Samaritans - Ha-Joon Chang 2008-09-04

It's rare that a book appears with a fresh perspective on world affairs, but renowned economist Ha-Joon Chang has some startlingly original things to say about the future of globalization. In theory, he argues, the world's wealthiest countries and supra-national institutions like the IMF, World Bank and WTO want to see all nations developing into modern industrial societies. In practice, though, those at the top are 'kicking away the ladder' to wealth that they themselves climbed. Why? Self-interest certainly plays a part. But, more often, rich and powerful governments and institutions are actually being 'Bad Samaritans': their intentions are worthy but their simplistic free-market ideology and poor understanding of history leads them to inflict policy errors on others. Chang demonstrates this by contrasting the route to success of economically vibrant countries with the very different route now being dictated to the world's poorer nations. In the course of this, he shows just how muddled the thinking is in such key areas as trade and foreign investment. He shows that the case for privatisation and against state involvement is far from proven. And he explores the ways in which attitudes to national cultures and political ideologies are obscuring clear thinking and creating bad policy. Finally, he argues the case for new strategies for a more prosperous world that may appall the 'Bad Samaritans'.

**Why Are We Waiting?** - Nicholas Stern 2015-04-24

An urgent case for climate change action that forcefully sets out, in economic, ethical, and political terms, the dangers of delay and the benefits of action. The risks of climate change are potentially immense. The benefits of taking action are also clear: we can see that economic development, reduced emissions, and creative adaptation go hand in hand. A committed and strong low-carbon transition could trigger a new wave of economic and technological transformation and investment, a new era of global and sustainable prosperity. Why, then, are we waiting? In this book, Nicholas Stern explains why, notwithstanding the great attractions of a new path, it has been so difficult to tackle climate change effectively. He makes a compelling case for climate action now and sets out the forms that action should take. Stern argues that the risks and costs of climate change are worse than estimated in the landmark Stern Review in 2006—and far worse than implied by standard economic models. He reminds us that we have a choice. We can rely on past technologies, methods, and institutions—or we can embrace change, innovation, and international collaboration. The first might bring us some short-term growth but would lead eventually to chaos, conflict, and destruction. The second could bring about better lives for all and growth that is sustainable over the long term, and help win the battle against worldwide poverty. The science warns of the dangers of neglect; the economics and technology show what we can do and the great benefits that will follow; an examination of the ethics points strongly to a moral imperative for action. Why are we waiting?

**Essays on Ancient and Modern Judaism** - Arnaldo Momigliano 1994-08-09

Momigliano acknowledged that his Judaism was the most fundamental inspiration for his scholarship, and the writings in this collection demonstrate how the ethical experience of the Hebraic tradition informed his other works.

**Salvador Allende** - Jesus Garcia Martinez 2013-08-08T00:00:00+02:00

Questa biografia di Salvador Allende, considerata la più originale ed esaustiva mai pubblicata, si apre con l'atto finale della sua vita: il discorso pronunciato nel palazzo presidenziale l'11 settembre 1973, mentre tenta di resistere all'assedio dei militari golpisti. Parole che, come spiega l'autore, costituiscono la colonna sonora dell'intero libro. Jesús Manuel Martínez, oltre a tracciare un quadro storico e sociale del Cile nei secoli XIX e XX, ricostruisce la vicenda personale e politica del Presidente, offrendo al lettore, attraverso una prosa avvincente, un racconto documentato, preciso, ricco di sfumature, di aneddoti, di fonti e di

testimonianze, in cui il rigore della ricerca storica si mescola alla passione e all'affetto per l'uomo Allende. Un racconto che fa trasparire l'ammirazione per lo strenuo difensore della giustizia sociale e, prima ancora, della legalità democratica. Viene ricordato un insolito Allende. Per esempio, alle prese con un gioco che si trasformerà in un vero e proprio rito: entrare nelle case della gente, a volte perfino senza essere invitato, facendosi regalare un oggetto personale. Poteva trattarsi di un addobbo, una giacca, una bottiglia di whisky che poi esponeva orgoglioso nel suo salone, sempre citando però il nome del legittimo proprietario. In una sola giornata, Chicho – così lo chiamavano gli amici più intimi – poteva cambiarsi d'abito molte volte: abiti civili, camice da medico, uniforme da miliziano, grembiule da massone. Senza contare la giacca di pelle dei tour e delle campagne elettorali. Da queste pagine emerge soprattutto l'inesauribile energia di Allende, che gli permetteva di lavorare venti ore al giorno – interrotte soltanto da una siesta di dieci minuti – concedendosi persino una delle amate partite a scacchi. Un ritratto unico e indelebile di un politico, ma soprattutto di un uomo, che il Cile e il mondo intero ancora oggi rimpiangono.

**Economia. Istruzioni per l'uso** - Ha-Joon Chang 2015-10-06

Individui egoisti e perfettamente razionali, mercati che si regolano da soli, sacrifici necessari: l'economia è davvero «la scienza triste»? Certo sembrerebbe meno triste, se gli economisti parlassero in modo più chiaro, muovendo dalla realtà quotidiana delle persone in carne e ossa anziché da modelli astratti e intricati, severi nella loro ineluttabilità. Ma il punto è che l'economia non è una scienza come la chimica o la fisica, nelle quali tutte le domande hanno una sola risposta. L'economia è una questione politica, in cui non esistono verità oggettive e ogni teoria implica giudizi morali diversi, privilegia gli interessi di gruppi diversi e prescrive scelte politiche diverse. Dopo il best seller internazionale *23 cose che non ti hanno mai detto sul capitalismo*, Ha-Joon Chang propone un manuale economico arguto e irriverente, pensato per essere compreso da tutti eppure mai superficiale. L'obiettivo non è spiegare al lettore che cosa pensare, ma in che modo pensare riguardo all'economia. Mai come oggi, immersi in una recessione epocale che tocca da vicino le nostre vite, i grandi temi dell'economia possono essere compresi soltanto in una prospettiva aperta e plurale: la storia del capitalismo, con le sue crisi e le sue età dell'oro; i concetti di crescita e sviluppo, scambio, reddito, consumo, povertà e disuguaglianza; i meccanismi della produzione e l'impronta della tecnologia; la centralità del lavoro e le cause della disoccupazione; il funzionamento del sistema bancario e il predominio della finanza speculativa; il ruolo dello stato – «minimo» o interventista? – e i comportamenti – non sempre razionali – degli individui. Chang rispolvera i più preziosi strumenti teorici di ciascuna scuola economica, sepolti nei meandri del conformismo neoliberalista: dai classici agli istituzionalisti, da Marx a Schumpeter, dagli austriaci a Keynes, passando per le tradizioni comportamentale e sviluppatista, ogni corrente di pensiero offre spunti illuminanti. *Economia. Istruzioni per l'uso*, però, è anche e soprattutto una guida pratica, che offre un'ampia mole di informazioni e dati reali tanto sui paesi più ricchi quanto su quelli in via di sviluppo; un ricchissimo repertorio di strumenti per orientarsi nelle sconcertanti trasformazioni del nostro tempo, senza deleghe a «tecnici», politicanti e apprendisti stregoni.

*China's Economy* - Arthur R. Kroeber 2020-06-05

China's economic growth has been revolutionary, and is the foundation of its increasingly prominent role in world affairs. It is the world's second biggest economy, the largest manufacturing and trading nation, the consumer of half the world's steel and coal, the biggest source of international tourists, and one of the most influential investors in developing countries from southeast Asia to Africa to Latin America. Multinational companies make billions of dollars in profits in China each year, while traders around the world shudder at every gyrations of the country's unruly stock markets. Perhaps paradoxically, its capitalist economy is governed by an authoritarian Communist Party that shows no sign of loosening its grip. China is frequently in the news, whether because of trade disputes, the challenges of its Belt and Road initiative for global infrastructure, or its increasing military strength. China's political and technological challenges, created by a country whose political system and values differ dramatically from most of the other major world economies, creates uncertainty and even fear. *China's Economy: What Everyone Needs to Know®* is a concise introduction to the most astonishing economic and political story of the last three decades. Arthur Kroeber enhances our understanding of China's changes and their implications. Among the essential questions he answers are: How did China grow so fast for so long? Can it keep growing and still solve its problems of environmental damage, fast-rising debt and rampant corruption? How long can its vibrant

economy co-exist with the repressive one-party state? How do China's changes affect the rest of the world? This thoroughly revised and updated second edition includes a comprehensive discussion of the origins and development of the US-China strategic rivalry, including Trump's trade war and the race for technological supremacy. It also explores the recent changes in China's political system, reflecting Xi Jinping's emergence as the most powerful leader since Mao Zedong. It includes insights on changes in China's financial sector, covering the rise and fall of the shadow banking sector, and China's increasing integration with global financial markets. And it covers China's rapid technological development and the rise of its global Internet champions such as Alibaba and Tencent.

**Le origini dello gnosticismo** - U. Bianchi 1970

*The Problem of Jesus; a Free-thinker's Diary* - Jean Guitton 2021-09-09

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Public Policy and Agricultural Development - Ha-Joon Chang 2012-06-12

This book critically re-examines the currently dominant paradigm of agricultural development policy from historical and comparative perspectives. Examining the experiences of 11 developed countries in their earlier stages of development and the experiences of 10 developing and transition economies in the last half a century, the book offers an in-depth discussion on a range of public policies for agriculture, some currently in use and others forgotten in the mist of history. After presenting the overarching theoretical framework and a synthesis of findings over the 21 countries examined, the book presents six detailed case studies of agricultural policy in the last half a century in two Latin American countries (Chile and Mexico), two African countries (Ethiopia and Ghana), and two Asian countries (India and Vietnam). Each chapter examines a wide range of policies, including land policy (land tenure reform and land quality improvement), knowledge policy (research, extension, education, and information), credit policy (specialized banks and agricultural credit co-operatives), physical inputs policy (irrigation, transport, electricity, and divisible inputs such as fertilizers, seeds, and farm machinery), policies intended to increase farm income stability (price stabilization measures, insurances, and trade protection), and policies intended to improve agricultural marketing and processing. Through its historical and comparative approaches, the book frees our "policy imagination" by showing that the range of policies and institutions that have produced positive outcomes for agricultural development has been much wider than any particular ideological position - be it the pre-1980s statist one or the pro-market NCW - would admit. It also shows that the willingness to experiment with new policies and institutions, and the willingness to learn from other countries' successes and improve upon their solutions, were important in all agricultural success stories.

**Cattivi samaritani** - Ha-Joon Chang 2014-03-31T00:00:00+02:00

Una prospettiva intellettuale originale: gli occidentali sono cattivi samaritani perché impongono al resto del mondo l'applicazione di misure neoliberiste e monetariste controproducenti. L'integrazione nel mercato internazionale favorisce lo sviluppo, ma solo a condizione che venga scelta e non subita dai paesi emergenti.

*Rethinking Development Economics* - Ha-Joon Chang 2003

This title represents the most forward thinking and comprehensive review of development economics currently available.

**The Aviary Gate** - Katie Hickman 2010-12-15

Constantinople, 1599. Paul Pindar, a secretary to the English ambassador, thinks he has lost his love, Celia, in a shipwreck. Now, two years later, clues begin to emerge that she may be hidden among the ranks of the

slaves in the Sultan's harem. But how can he be sure? And can they be reunited? With a secret rebellion rising within the Sultan's palace, danger surrounds the lovers. A lush, ancient tale of treacherous secrets, forbidden love, and murder in the Ottoman palace, *The Aviary Gate* is exotic historical fiction at its very best.

**Institutional Change and Economic Development** - Ha-Joon Chang 2007

This wide-ranging volume demonstrates that there is no simple formula for successful institutional development. Through numerous examples, the book makes clear that development can only be achieved through deliberate imitation of successful foreign institutions combined with local innovations.

**The Cosmopolitan Tradition** - Martha C. Nussbaum 2019-08-13

The cosmopolitan political tradition defines people not according to nationality, family, or class but as equally worthy citizens of the world. Martha Nussbaum pursues this "noble but flawed" vision, confronting its inherent tensions over material distribution, differential abilities, and the ideological conflicts inherent to pluralistic societies.

**Edible Economics** - Ha-Joon Chang 2023-01-17

Edible Economics brings the sort of creative fusion that spices up a great kitchen to the often too-disciplined subject of economics. For decades, a single, free-market philosophy has dominated global economics. But this intellectual monoculture is bland and unhealthy. Bestselling author and economist Ha-Joon Chang makes challenging economic ideas delicious by plating them alongside stories about food from around the world, using the diverse histories behind familiar food items to explore economic theory. For Chang, chocolate is a lifelong addiction, but more exciting are the insights it offers into postindustrial knowledge economies; and while okra makes Southern gumbo heart-meltingly smooth, it also speaks of capitalism's entangled relationship with freedom. Myth-busting, witty, and thought-provoking, *Edible Economics* serves up a feast of bold ideas about globalization, climate change, immigration, austerity, automation, and why carrots need not be orange. It shows that getting to grips with the economy is like learning a recipe: when we understand it, we can adapt and improve it—and better understand our world.

*Democracy* - Paul Ginsborg 2011-05-26

Political parties have lost swathes of members and effective power is ever more concentrated in the hands of their leaders. Behind these trends lie changing relationships between economics, the media and politics. Electoral spending has spiralled out of all control, with powerful economic interests exercising undue influence. The 'level playing field', on which democracy's contests have supposedly been fought, has become ever more sloping and uneven. In many 'democratic' countries media coverage, especially that of television, is heavily biased. Electors become viewers and active participation gives way to mass passivity. Can things change? By going back to the roots of democracy and examining the relationship between representative and participatory democracy, political historian Paul Ginsborg shows that they can and must.

**La sindrome tedesca** - Valerio Castronovo 2014-10-02T00:00:00+02:00

L'Europa ha perso slancio e vigore. E si è allontanata la prospettiva di una federazione europea. Le rigide politiche di austerità ma anche le resistenze opposte alle riforme strutturali hanno diviso l'Unione tra un'area forte nordica e mitteleuropea a trazione tedesca e un'area debole meridionale e mediterranea. Le conseguenze della crisi esplosa nel 2008 hanno aggravato questa spaccatura, accresciuto i pericoli di stagnazione economica, generato vaste sacche di povertà e di emarginazione sociale, accentuato le nevrosi dell'opinione pubblica, alimentando un'ondata di sfiducia e di scetticismo. Per sopravvivere e tornare padrona del proprio destino, l'Europa deve riacquisire la sua ragion d'essere originaria con una strategia incentrata sugli obiettivi dell'integrazione politica, della crescita e della competitività. Di questo compito dovrebbe farsi carico, per prima, la Germania, che ha conquistato negli ultimi anni un ruolo economico preminente senza però assumersi funzioni e responsabilità di leadership politica per costruire, insieme agli altri partner, un'Europa più equilibrata e solidale. Valerio Castronovo ha analizzato le vicende dell'Europa, a partire dalla caduta del Muro di Berlino: l'allargamento a Est e le sue complesse modalità, la nascita dell'euro e i problemi dell'unione monetaria, i controversi rapporti fra i paesi membri, il naufragio del progetto costituzionale, le relazioni ambivalenti con gli Stati Uniti, l'assenza di una propria politica estera, le sfide cruciali che l'Unione deve oggi affrontare in uno scenario mondiale denso di gravi tensioni e

incognite.

Goodbye Mr. Socialism - Antonio Negri 2011-01-04

Goodbye Mr. Socialism offers a gripping encounter with one of today's leading leftists, presenting his most up-to-date analysis of global events and insight into the prospects for the Left in an age of neoliberalism. In his most accessible work yet, philosopher Antonio Negri discusses the state of the global Left since the end of the Cold War and suggests a new politics in a series of rousing conversations with Raf Valvola Scelsi. Scelsi prompts Negri to critique the episodes in the post-Cold War period that have afforded the Left opportunities to rethink its strategies and objectives. Addressing the twilight of social democracy, Negri offers a compelling defense of the prospects for social transformation.

**Mussolini's Death March** - Nuto Revelli 2013

Vivid eyewitness accounts from 43 survivors from the Italian army's short-lived and disastrous campaign on the Eastern Front. Recaptures in the words and sober reflections of the men who fought there the harrowing experience of this lunatic mission in which the Italians suffered roughly 75,000 dead."

The Christians and the Roman Empire - Marta Sordi 1994

The Christians and the Roman Empire overturns the myth of an unrelenting persecution of the subversive, Christian "outlaw." Using contemporary sources and authentic documents --including imperial edicts and records of the deeds of non-legendary martyrs--Marta Sordi shows that the conflict was primarily religious and almost never political. The Christians actually continued to profess their loyalty to the Roman Empire during the periods of persecution, and the Empire, which almost never thought of the Christians as a threat to security, often found itself acting simply as the secular arm of religious authorities during these periods of social and cultural intolerance.

**Il mercato del risparmio** - Colavolpe Alessandro, Prosperetti Marco 2012-11-21

Il volume esamina le problematiche di ordine generale afferenti ai soggetti che, all'interno del mercato finanziario, si occupano della gestione del risparmio (antiriciclaggio; compliance; informazione; illeciti e

responsabilità; regolazione economica e sindacato del Giudice; risoluzione delle controversie nei servizi bancari e finanziari, e nei servizi di investimento). Si son volute cogliere, poi, le linee di tendenza di un "sistema" che è in rapidissima evoluzione anche a causa delle urgenze imposte a un mercato che risente in forma sempre più accentuata dell'influenza dei mercati internazionali e per il quale è apparso doveroso delineare l'architettura della vigilanza a livello europeo, non ancora completata nei suoi esiti. STRUTTURA Capitolo 1 - Linee di tendenza del mercato del risparmio Capitolo 2 - Antiriciclaggio e contrasto al finanziamento del terrorismo Capitolo 3 - La compliance Capitolo 4 - L'informazione Capitolo 5 - La nuova architettura della vigilanza europea dei mercati finanziari, creditizi e assicurativi Capitolo 6 - La vigilanza su banche ed assicurazioni negli Stati comunitari e nella Repubblica Federale Tedesca Capitolo 7 - La vigilanza supplementare sui conglomerati finanziari. Capitolo 8 - Illeciti e responsabilità in materia bancaria, finanziaria e assicurativa Capitolo 9 - La tutela penale del risparmio e dei mercati finanziari Capitolo 10 - Regolazione economica e sindacato del Giudice Capitolo 11 - La risoluzione non giurisdizionale delle controversie nei servizi bancari e finanziari, e nei i servizi di investimento Capitolo 12 - Le autorità amministrative indipendenti nel settore finanziario Capitolo 13 - La gestione dei reclami **Cattivi samaritani. Il mito del libero mercato e l'economia mondiale** - Ha-Joon Chang 2014

Globalisation, Economic Development & the Role of the State - Ha-Joon Chang 2003-07

Ha-Joon Chang evaluates the role of the state in economics and development. In this collection of essays, he reviews theories and practices of state intervention as they have developed over two centuries of modern capitalism. He develops an institutionalist approach to the role of the state in economic change, and examines the issues involved in particular settings including industrial policy, trade policy, intellectual property rights, regulation, and strategies towards transnational corporations. He mounts a sophisticated theoretical and historical case for the continuing essential and constructive roles which the state can and must play in economic development.